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First Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, June/July 2024 Mathematics for CSE Stream – I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.
2. M : Marks , L: Bloom's level , C: Course outcomes.*

| | | Module – 1 | M | L | C |
|-------------------|----|--|---|----|-----|
| Q.1 | a. | With usual notation prove that $\tan \phi = r \frac{d\theta}{dr}$. | 6 | L2 | CO1 |
| | b. | Find the angle between the curves $r = \frac{a}{1 + \cos \theta}$ and $r = \frac{b}{1 - \cos \theta}$. | 7 | L2 | CO1 |
| | c. | Show that the radius of curvature at any point θ on the cycloid $x = a(\theta + \sin \theta)$, $y = a(1 - \cos \theta)$ is $4 \cos \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right)$. | 7 | L3 | CO1 |
| OR | | | | | |
| Q.2 | a. | Find the pedal equation of the curve $r(1 - \cos \theta) = 2a$. | 7 | L2 | CO1 |
| | b. | Find the radius of curvature for the curve $y^2 = \frac{a^2(a-x)}{x}$ at the point $(a, 0)$. | 8 | L3 | CO1 |
| | c. | Using modern mathematical tool write a program / code to plot the sine and cosine curve. | 5 | L3 | CO5 |
| Module – 2 | | | | | |
| Q.3 | a. | Expand $\log(\sec x)$ upto the term containing x^4 using Maclausin's series. | 6 | L2 | CO2 |
| | b. | If $u = \log(\tan x + \tan y + \tan z)$, show that $\sin 2x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \sin 2y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \sin 2z \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 2$. | 7 | L2 | CO2 |
| | c. | Find the extreme values of the function $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 12$. | 7 | L3 | CO2 |
| OR | | | | | |
| Q.4 | a. | Evaluate i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log(a^x + b^x)}{2}$ ii) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\tan x}{x} \right)^{1/x^2}$. | 7 | L2 | CO2 |
| | b. | If $u = f\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{y}{z}, \frac{z}{x}\right)$, show that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$. | 8 | L2 | CO2 |
| | c. | Using modern mathematical tool write a program/code to evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1 + 1/x)^x$. | 5 | L3 | CO2 |
| 1 of 3 | | | | | |

Module – 3

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|-----|----|--|---|----|-----|
| Q.5 | a. | Solve : $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} = y^2x$. | 6 | L2 | CO3 |
| | b. | Find the orthogonal trajectories of $r = a(1 + \cos\theta)$, where a is a parameter. | 7 | L3 | CO3 |
| | c. | Find the general solution of the equation $(px-y)(py+x) = 2p$ by reducing into Clairaut's form by taking the substitution $X = x^2, Y = y^2$. | 7 | L2 | CO3 |

OR

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|-----|----|--|---|----|-----|
| Q.6 | a. | Solve $(y \log y) dx + (x - \log y)dy = 0$. | 6 | L2 | CO3 |
| | b. | Prove that the system of parabolas $y^2 = 4a(x + a)$ is self-orthogonal. | 7 | L3 | CO3 |
| | c. | Solve : $xyp^2 - (x^2 + y^2)p + xy = 0$. | 7 | L2 | CO3 |

Module – 4

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|-----|----|---|---|----|-----|
| Q.7 | a. | i) Find the last digit of 7^{2013} ii) Find the last digit of 13^{37} | 6 | L2 | CO4 |
| | b. | i) Find the remainder when $175 \times 113 \times 53$ is divided by 11. ii) Find the remainder when 2^{23} is divided by 47. | 7 | L2 | CO4 |
| | c. | Encrypt the message STOP using RSA with key $(2537, 13)$ using the prime numbers 43 and 59. | 7 | L3 | CO4 |

OR

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|-----|----|---|---|----|-----|
| Q.8 | a. | Solve $2x + 6y \equiv 1 \pmod{7}$ $4x + 3y \equiv 2 \pmod{7}$. | 6 | L2 | CO4 |
| | b. | Using Fermat's little theorem, show that $8^{30} - 1$ is divisible by 31. | 7 | L2 | CO4 |
| | c. | Show that $4(29)! + 5!$ is divisible by 31. | 7 | L3 | CO4 |

Module – 5

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|-----|----|---|---|----|-----|
| Q.9 | a. | Find the Rank of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ | 6 | L2 | CO5 |
| | b. | Solve the system of Equations by Gauss-Jordon method $x + y + z = 9$ $2x + y - z = 0$ $2x + 5y + 7z = 52$. | 7 | L3 | CO5 |
| | c. | Using power method, find the largest eigen value and the corresponding eigen vector of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Carry out six iterations. | 7 | L3 | CO5 |

OR

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|------|---|---|----|-----|
| Q.10 | a. Solve the following system of equations by Gauss-Siedel method. $27x + 6y - z = 85$, $6x + 15y + 2z = 72$, $x + y + 54z = 110$. Carry out three iterations. | 7 | L3 | CO5 |
| | b. Investigate for what values of λ , μ the equations $x + y + z = 6$, $x + 2y + 3z = 10$, $x + 2y + \lambda z = \mu$ have i) No solution ii) Unique solution iii) Infinite number of solutions. | 8 | L3 | CO5 |
| | c. Using modern mathematical tool, write a program/code to test the consistency of the equation $x + 2y - z = 1$ $2x + y + 4z = 2$ $3x + 3y + 4z = 1$ | 5 | L3 | CO5 |
